

## **Troubleshooting & Resetting Network Connections**

There are many ways to "reset" network settings on a Windows machine. Below are just a few things you can try to reset settings related to network services. If one method does not fix your problem, try another as there may be multiple things prohibiting your use of the Internet.

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## **Basic Troubleshooting**

Here is a list if troubleshooting steps to check before undergoing more technical and advanced steps. After each step, be sure to check if the connection issue has been solved. If none of these steps yield network access, move forward to the more technical suggestions below.

- 1. If you are connecting using an Ethernet cable, try unplugging the cable plugging it back in after 15 seconds.
- 2. If you are connected wirelessly, try disconnecting from your current Wi-Fi network and rejoining it.
- 3. Have you registered your devices? UWNet requires each device to be registered in order to access the network.
- 4. Make sure your network adapters are enabled. This document shows you how to check for that below.
- 5. Try rebooting your computer
- 6. Do you have viruses prohibiting your use of the internet? Try running a virus scan with an application like Malwarebytes or AVAST Antivirus.
- 7. If you connect to a router either wired or wirelessly, make sure that it is connected to the wall jack.
- 8. Routers need to be registered with UWNet in order to use them.
- 9. If you are using an Ethernet cable, make sure that that cable is not faulty by testing your connection with another wall jack. Or by testing the same jack with a different cable.



## Windows 7

#### **IP Addresses**

#### Renewing an IP Address on a Local Workstation

This is common when users call in and complain that they cannot access the Internet. It is easily diagnosable by the small yellow triangle in the task bar on the network connection icon.



- 1. Open a new window in Command Prompt
  - a. You can do this by going to the Start Menu and searching for "cmd". This should yield a search result for "cmd.exe". Launch the executable.



2. From the Command Prompt window, enter the following command: ipconfig /release



b. Then press Enter

a.

i.

i. 🔺 This will disconnect you from the Internet



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i.

Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601] Copyright <c> 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.</c>	•
C:\Users\pboyer2>ipconfig /release	
Windows IP Configuration	
Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:	
Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: Default Gateway	
C:\Users\phoyer2>	
•	
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c. Then in the same window, run the following command: ipconfig /renew



Your computer will receive a new IP address from the network. This commonly solves most connectivity issues.

An IP address is analogous to a passport, it gives your computer permission to access the Internet after its identity is confirmed by the network.

You'll notice that now you have a connection to the Internet and the network status symbol in the taskbar has been updated.





#### Renewing an IP Address on a Remote Workstation

a.

The process for renewing an IP Address on a remote workstation is similar to on a local workstation, however you need to prepare everything before releasing the old IP Address since it will disconnect you from the remote session. Follow the steps below to help a remote user renew their IP Address.

- 1. Use Remote Assistance to connect to the user who is having trouble connecting to the Internet.
  - a. \*Note if this is a user that has a laptop, they need to be connected to our network via a wired connection for you to use remote assistance.
- 2. On the remote workstation, open two Command Prompt Windows side-by-side

Administrator: C/Windows/system32/cmd.exe	- • ×	a Administrator: C/Windows/system32/cmd.exe	
Mismosfe Véndens (Wersion 6-1-7601) Engenerate Vendens (Verporation, All rights reserved, Cruisers)		Figures (blocks) (presion (.i.7201) Capprick (.) 200 Hisrosoft Carporation. All rights reserved. C:Users)	

- 3. In the right window, type ipconfig /renew but do not press Enter yet
- 4. In the left window, type **ipconfig** /**release** but do not press Enter yet
- 5. Inform the remote user that you will be disconnected after pressing Enter in the left Command Prompt window.
- 6. Instruct the user to wait until the process in the left command prompt window finishes, then click on the right command prompt window to bring it to active focus. Then they will need to press Enter and wait for that process to complete.
- 7. After the command prompt window process completes execution, the remote user can close both windows.
- 8. Have the user attempt to browse to a website to confirm that they have Internet access.
- 9. If the user is able to access the Internet, then this process is complete.



#### **Network Adapters**

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1. Open the Network and Sharing Center by going through Control Panel → Network and Sharing Center



b. Optionally, you can open the Network and Sharing Center by searching for it from the Windows Start Menu

Control Panel (12)
Network and Sharing Center
Find and fix networking and connection problems
💺 Identify and repair network problems
View network computers and devices
Yiew network status and tasks
陀 Review your computer's status and resolve issues
na View devices and printers
Install a program from the network
🜏 Choose homegroup and sharing options
Enable location and other sensors
🚯 Sync Center
🖾 View location activity
Files (1)
E Hill (Justile Televic resulter, Newton
₽ See more results
Network and × 🕑 Shut down +



2. From the left action pane, click Change adapter settings



- 3. In this window you will be able to view all of the computer's network adapters. This includes both Ethernet and Wireless adapters (if available). Depending on the issue you are troubleshooting, choose the appropriate adapter.
  - a. Local Area Connection  $\rightarrow$  Ethernet Adapter

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b. Wireless Network Connection  $\rightarrow$  Wi-Fi Adapter

Organize *		s • 01 (
Local Area Connection Network cable unplugged Broadcom NetXtreme 57xx Gigabi	Local Area Connection 2 Disabled Cisco Systems VPN Adapter	MarNet-Encrypted 2 Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3943ABG N

4. Disable the adapter that is having issues with connectivity by right-clicking on the adapter and then clicking <u>Disable</u>





- 5. Re-enable the adapter you disabled in the previous step by double-clicking it.
  - a. You can also re-enable it by right clicking on the adapter icon and selecting Enable.
- 6. Once the adapter has been re-enabled, open a web browser and navigate to a website to test if Internet connectivity has been restored.
- 7. If you can access the Internet, then this process is complete.



#### **DNS** Cache

The DNS resolver acts as a translator between the names of website and their respective IP Addresses. For example, <u>www.google.com</u> = 172.217.8.206. By removing the record that has all the names cached, the computer can re-establish connections to websites by resolving the translation between URL and IP Address and re-caching this information.

- 1. Open a new window in Command Prompt
  - a. You can do this by going to the Start Menu and searching for "cmd". This should yield a search result for "cmd.exe". Launch the executable.



i. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
 2. In the Command Prompt Window, type the following command and press <u>Enter:</u> ipconfig /flushdns



3. After the process finishes executing, you are complete.

a.



#### **TCP/IP Stack**

The TCP/IP stack is what your computer uses to communicate between your device and incoming data.

- 1. Open a new window in Command Prompt
  - a. You can do this by going to the Start Menu and searching for "cmd". This should yield a search result for "cmd.exe". Launch the executable.



- 2. In the Command Prompt window type the following command and press Enter
  - a. netsh int up reset

i.

3. After you hit Enter, some text will appear and may look similar to the image below.



- a. c:
- 4. When the command prompt finishes processing, enter the following command and press Enter
  - a. For a wired connection
  - i. netsh int ip set address name="Local Area Connection" dhcp
  - b. For a wireless connection
    - i. netsh int ip set address name="Wireless Network Connection" dhcp

C:\Users\hdadmin1>netsh int ip set address name="Local Area Connection" dhcp DHCP is already enabled on this interface.

5. These commands enable DHCP to run through the specified adapter(s). You have completed this process.

\*NOTE: If your adapters are NOT named the same as the above, simply replace the string of text between the quotation marks in the command with the EXACT name as your adapter's e.g. I have an adapter named Generic Adapter, therefore, the command I will type is:

netsh int ip set address name="Generic Adapter" dhcp



### Windows 10

#### **IP Addresses**

#### Renewing an IP Address on a Local Workstation

This is common when users call in and complain that they cannot access the Internet. It is easily diagnosable by the small yellow triangle in the task bar on the network connection icon.



b.

- 1. Open a new window in Command Prompt
  - a. You can do this by going to the Start Menu and searching for "cmd". This should yield a search result for "Command Prompt (Desktop app)". Launch the application.



2. From the Command Prompt window, enter the following command: ipconfig /release





- b. Then press Enter
  - i. 🔺 This will disconnect you from the Internet



c. Then in the same window, run the following command: ipconfig /renew

an Administrator: Command Prompt	-	×
Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: Link-local IPv6 Address : fe80::481d:d5a8:e33c:6b61%2 Default Gateway		^
thernet adapter Ethernet:		
Media State		
:\Users\hdadmin>ipconfig /renew		
indows IP Configuration		
o operation can be performed on Ethernet while it has its media disconnected.		
thernet adapter Ethernet 2:		
Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: housing.wisc.edu Link-local IPv6 Address : fe80::481d:d5a8:e33c:6b61%2 IPv4 Address 128.104.174.217 Subnet Mask : 255.255.128 Default Gateway : 128.104.174.129		
thernet adapter Ethernet:		
Media State : Media disconnected Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :		
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3. Your computer will receive a new IP address from the network. This commonly solves most connectivity issues.

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- 2. On the remote workstation, open two Command Prompt Windows side-by-side

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Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.15063] (c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.		<ul> <li>Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.15063]</li> <li>(c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.</li> </ul>	1
C:\Users\hdadmin>		C:\Users\hdadmin>	

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- 3. In the right window, type ipconfig /renew but do not press Enter yet
- 4. In the left window, type ipconfig /release but do not press Enter yet
- 5. Inform the remote user that you will be disconnected after pressing Enter in the left Command Prompt window.
- 6. Instruct the user to wait until the process in the left command prompt window finishes, then click on the right command prompt window to bring it to active focus. Then they will need to press Enter and wait for that process to complete.
- 7. After the command prompt window process completes execution, the remote user can close both windows.
- 8. Have the user attempt to browse to a website to confirm that they have Internet access.
- 9. If the user is able to access the Internet, then this process is complete.



#### **Network Adapters**

 Open the Network and Sharing Center by going through Control Panel → Network and Sharing Center



2. From the left action pane, click Change adapter settings

	anel > All Control Panel Items > Network and S	Sharing Center	ٽ ~
Control Panel Home	View your basic network informat	ion and set up connections	
	View your active networks		
Change adapter settings Change advanced sharing	Housing Admin Network	Access type: Internet	
settings	Domain network	Connections: 🦉 Ethernet 3	
	Change your networking settings		
	Set up a new connection or netwo	rk	
	Set up a broadband, dial-up, or VP	N connection; or set up a router or access point.	
	Troubleshoot problems		
	Diagnose and repair network probl	ems, or get troubleshooting information.	

- 3. In this window you will be able to view all of the computer's network adapters. This includes both Ethernet and Wireless adapters (if available). Depending on the issue you are troubleshooting, choose the appropriate adapter.
  - a. Local Area Connection  $\rightarrow$  Ethernet Adapter
  - b. Wireless Network Connection  $\rightarrow$  Wi-Fi Adapter



4. Disable the adapter that is having issues with connectivity by right-clicking on the adapter and then clicking <u>Disable</u>



- 5. Re-enable the adapter you disabled in the previous step by double-clicking it.
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0	Command Prompt Desktop app	
8	Search suggestions	
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2. In the Command Prompt Window, type the following command and press <u>Enter</u>: ipconfig /flushdns



3. After the process finishes executing, you are complete.



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The TCP/IP stack is what your computer uses to communicate between your device and incoming data.

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- 2. In the Command Prompt window type the following command and press Enter
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- 3. After you hit Enter, some text will appear and may look similar to the image below.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>netsh int ip reset resetlog.txt
Reseting Echo Request, OK!
Reseting Global, OK!
Reseting Interface, OK!
Reseting Unicast Address, OK!
Reseting Route, OK!
A reboot is required to complete this action.
C:\Users\Administrator>_
```

a.



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