### PROGRAM ASSESSMENT PLAN UNDERGRADUATE MAJOR IN ZOOLOGY

# Standing Evaluation Process 2003-2006

Assessment Committee:	Jaime Reich – Chair
	Instructional Programs Committee

# 1. PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

The Department of Zoology at the University of Wisconsin – Madison seeks to provide a liberal arts environment within the College of Letters and Science in which undergraduates may choose to study a wide range of topics in the biological sciences.

## Unique Characteristics of the Zoology Major:

- Broad, integrated training in biology
- Focus on basic principles and processes of biology
- Flexibility to tailor course planning, with advising, to the individual student's goals
- Wide range of opportunities for senior thesis and other independent research

## **Expected Student Outcomes:**

Resulting from the completion of an undergraduate major in zoology, student outcomes are expected to include:

- (1) a basic understanding of genetic, cellular, physiological, ecological, and evolutionary principles that fosters appreciation of the diversity of life;
- (2) a solid foundation in related disciplines of chemistry, physics, and mathematics;
- (3) the understanding of how scientific information is obtained and evaluated; and
- (4) understanding its application to societal issues;
- (5) the ability to engage in scientific inquiry using quantitative problem solving, critical thinking, and conceptual skills;
- (6) the ability to plan and execute zoological experiments;
- (7) skills to effectively communicate scientific information through oral presentations and written reports; and
- (8) an understanding of biological complexity and the interrelationship of humans and natural systems.
- (9) The final outcome is that recipients of a baccalaureate degree and major in zoology will achieve either an entry-level professional position, admission to a professional school, or admission to graduate school for advanced study.

# 2. ASSESSMENT METHODS

Method	Description	Timeline	Person(s)	Objectives	Findings reported to:
	_	completed	Responsible	Addressed	
Course and	Summarize quantitative and	Following	Birge	1,3,4,5	Department Faculty,
Instructor	qualitative data from student	each term	Receptionist		Instructional Programs
Evaluation	feedback and consider as a				Committee, Department Chair,
Reports/	whole.				Assoc. Dean of Life Sciences,
Statements of	Follow-up with annual				Assessment Council, Associated
Instructional	reporting of Instructional				Students of Madison
Improvement	Improvements	Each term			
Exit Interview	Survey of graduating seniors	Following	Student	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,	Department Faculty,
	about their experience,	each term	Services	9	Instructional Programs
	preparation, and plans.	First run:	Coordinator		Committee, Department Chair,
		Spring 05			Assoc. Dean of Life Sciences,
		Fall 05			Assessment Council, Web Page
Long-Term	Survey of alumni regarding	Summer	Student	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,	Department Faculty,
Alumni Study	their experience and		Services	9	Instructional Programs
	preparation in the major at 1,	3 yr first	Coordinator		Committee, Department Chair,
	3, and 5 years post-graduation	run:			Assoc. Dean of Life Sciences,
		Spr 04,			Assessment Council, Web Page
		Spr 06			
DARS Review	Review DARS reports of	Fall or	Student	1	Department Faculty,
	graduating seniors for	Spring	Services		Instructional Programs
	coherence of program	each year	Coordinator		Committee, Department Chair,
					Assoc. Dean of Life Sciences,
		yearly			Assessment Council, Web Page
Newsletter	Including a tear-out alumni	Winter	Student	Varies	Department Faculty,
	survey based on one or more	break	Services		Instructional Programs
	objectives		Coordinator		Committee, Department Chair,
					Assoc. Dean of Life Sciences,
		none			Assessment Council, Web Page

### 2A. RELATED ACTIVITIES

#### Additional Undergraduate Assessment Activities:

### Tracking

Utilizing University student records databases allows us to compile reports about quantity and distribution of program participants, including demographic and academic descriptors, such as gender, age, class standing, gpa, student-athlete status, and more.

Maintaining records of who is participating in our programs can have important implications for policy, practice, and outreach.

#### **Course Enrollment Monitoring**

Monitoring course enrollment trends including course fill rates, drop patterns, and low enrollment assists in planning, resource allocation, and advising.

#### 3. NEXT STEPS

Instructional Programs Committee review of yearly assessment exercise, May 2, 2006.

- Committee Task is to come up with one actionable item from assessment data, or identify where further inquiry is needed.

Review assessment plans and make updates for next 3 year increment.

### 4. DEVELOPMENT NEEDS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Incorporate a new method of collecting instructor feedback regarding student learning:
  Each course must come up with specific goal statements that align with
  - measurable department goals/objectives
  - Each instructor reports on student learning by completing the following table as part of annual assessment and merit exercise

List Goal	Course #101	102	151	Etc
Course goal 1				
Course goal 2				
Course goal 3				

Indicate: Level Taught (TH, TM, TL) or leave blank Level Assessed (AH, AM, AL) Student Learning level (LH, LM, LL)

Ask: What strengths/weaknesses do you see in students in your course? (then IP look for patterns/consider within larger picture)

- Develop a new survey for upcoming Newsletter
- Develop a 5 year out survey for online implementation and mail
- Discuss how often to implement Long Term Study
- Review, revise, and update assessment plan as needed.